

# Solid surface

## Characteristics, use and maintenance



### The material

Solid surface is a non-porous surface that is easy to clean and disinfect.



### Maintenance

For the daily maintenance of washbasins, shower trays and bathtubs, clean the surface with soap and water or a common detergent to remove most of the stains and dirt that may have settled.

If necessary, use gel or cream detergents together with a slightly abrasive sponge or cleaning cloth, making sure to rinse the treated area properly, in this way the original matte finish will be maintained.

Some substances such as: ink, cosmetic and dyes can leave color on the surface after prolonged contact. All these stains can be easily removed by following the special instructions for stubborn stains.

#### Limescale

To eliminate limescale stains, which usually form around the drain, you can use an anti-limescale product to leave on for 2-4 minutes, with a soft cloth rinse thoroughly with hot water and dry.



### Removal of stubborn stains

Stains produced by liquids such as: vinegar, coffee, tea, lemon juice, dyes, ketchup, red wine or vegetable oils must be treated using the lightest methods, then progressively use a non-abrasive sponge and a detergent or solution ammonia-based.

It is possible to use a non-abrasive sponge with bleach only in presence of particularly stubborn stains such as lily or saffron pollen, or with significant scratches.

Rinse several times with warm water and dry with a soft cloth. To restore the original effect, use a wet cloth and a gentle abrasive cream over the entire surface with circular movements.

If there are stains of limescale around the drain pipe or near the taps, use a non-abrasive sponge and a common detergent, then rinse with hot water and dry with a soft cloth.

Heat: avoid pouring boiling liquids directly into the sink without first opening the tap with cold water, this operation will avoid causing problem to the Corian® surface.

Scratches: like any material, Corian® will show slight abrasion marks following normal daily use.

Chemical stains: accidental chemical stains must be promptly removed with plenty of soap and water. In particular, to remove stains from nail polish thinners, use an acetone-free product and wash with plenty of water.

Uncontrolled or prolonged exposure to chemicals will damage the surface.

Boiling water: in general it is recommended to collect boiling tap water, because it could damage the material, creating discoloration, surface cracks or more deep cracks: these types of damages are not covered by the ten years warranty, so it is better to avoid contact.

#### The guarantee does not cover damages caused by:

- Wrong or improper maintenance
- Modifications without authorization or improper use (ex. no using the appropriate supports for cutting or fixing between walls)
- Use outside the ambiental settings foreseen for the product
- Improper physical or chemical use
- Damage caused by non-compliance with the procedures regarding assembly and installation
- Wrong preparation or maintenance of the place where the product is installed
- Any other improper use how long described, including repair or other interventions maintenance by personnel not authorized by producer
- Extraordinary events

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